

EXHIBITION TECHNICAL REGULATIONS PREVAIL OVER SECURITY REGULATIONS.

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1 – GENERAL

Safety regulations against the risks of fire and panic places are set forth in the edict of 25 June 1980 (general provisions). The edict of 18 November 1987 gives the special provisions applicable to exhibition halls.

The text which follows is made up of extracts from these regulations, with explanations to facilitate comprehension.

The Safety Commission is very strict with regard to the construction of stands (e.g. their stability, materials used in construction and decoration, electrical installations, etc.). Decisions taken by the Safety Commission during its inspection, which is carried out either the day before the event opens or the morning of the first day of the event, are immediately enforceable.

At the time of the Safety Commission's inspection, the installation of stands must be completed; the exhibitor (or his representative) must mandatorily be present at the stand and be able to provide official reports concerning the reactions to fire of all materials used. Non-compliance with this rule may result in the removal of the materials or in the prohibition to open the stand to the public.

All large scale projects must be submitted to the exhibition's Safety Officer for approval. Relevant drawings and technical details must be sent at the organiser of the exhibition at least one month before the event opens.

During the period of assembly, the Safety Superintendent shall oversee the proper application of the Safety measures enumerated herein below.

All information concerning fire safety may be obtained from: ENTREPRISE HANDI'SECUR

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CLASSIFICATION OF FIRE RESISTANCE OF MATERIAL

(Decree dated 30th June 1983)

Material may be classified in 5 categories: M0, M1, M2, M3 and M4.

M0 corresponds to a fireproof material

2 – STAND CONSTRUCTION AND FITTING

21 – FRAMEWORK AND WALL OF STANDS – LARGE FURNITURE

Any material of categories M0, M1, M2 or M3⁽¹⁾ is authorized for the construction of framework and walls of stands and for the construction of large furniture (cash register, bar, counter, shelves, dividing screen, display unit, etc.).

CONVENTIONAL CLASSIFICATION OF WOOD-BASED MATERIALS
(Extract of the Edict of 30 June 1983)

The following materials are considered as corresponding to the characteristics of M3 materials:

- solid, non-resinous wood with a thickness greatest than or equal to 14 mm;
- solid, resinous wood with a thickness greatest than or equal to 18 mm ;
- wood-derived panels (plywood, core board, particle board, fibreboard) with a thickness greatest than or equal to 18 millimetres.

22 – COVERING

221 – Wall covering

Wall coverings (natural fibre or plastic) must be Category M0, M1 or M2⁽¹⁾ materials. They may be stretched or stapled.

Very thin coverings (fabric, paper, plastic film) (1 millimetre maximum) can be used is fully stuck on M0, M1, M2 or M3 materials. On the contrary, embossed or raised fabrics have to be fully stuck on M0 Material only.

Materials to be displayed on the stand are exempted from the requirement for official reports on reaction to fire. However, if these materials are used for the decoration of dividing walls or false ceilings, and if they account for more than 20 % of the total surface area of these elements, then the provisions of the preceding paragraphs shall be applicable. Nevertheless, hanging. However, free-hanging curtains, drapes and nets may not be hung on the entry and exit doors of stands, although they are permitted on the doors of changing rooms.

222 – Curtains – Drapery – Sheers

Curtains, drapes and sheers can be floating if they are category M0, M1 or M2 (1). They are however forbidden on the entrance and exit doors of the booths, but authorized on the cabin doors.

223 – Paint and varnish

Paints and varnishes known to be flammable (e.g nitrocellulose and glycerophthalic types) are prohibited.

224 – Covering for floors, podiums, platforms and tiered galleries

Floor coverings shall be in M4 materials and must be securely affixed to the floor.

Coverings, horizontal or otherwise, for podiums, platforms and tiered galleries whose height is greater than 20 sqm may be made of M3 materials. If their total surface area is less than 20 sqm, these coverings may be made of M4 materials.

PLEASE NOTE: For carpeting of categories M3 or M4, laid on wood, the method of fitting must be taken into account. The notes concerning reaction to fire must indicate in French "Valable en pose tendue sur tout support M3" (Valid for light fitting on any M3 surface).

23 – DECORATIVE ELEMENTS

231 – Free-hanging elements

Free-hanging decorative elements (advertising panels with a surface area greater than 0.50 sqm, estoons, lightweight decorative objects, etc.) shall be made of M0 or M1 materials.

Signs and advertising panels featuring white lettering on a green background are absolutely prohibited, these colours being reserved exclusively for signs indicating exits and emergency exits.

232 – Floral decorations

Floral decorations made of synthetic material are to be limited. However, such decorations may be permitted if they are made of M2 materials. These regulations do not apply to exhibitions and stands specifically dealing with floral activities.

Note: For real plants, please use a peat soil mixture, which should always be kept damp.

233 – Furniture

There are no special requirements for ordinary furniture (e.g. chairs, tables, desks, etc.). However, cabinets, counters, shelves, etc. must be made of M3 materials⁽¹⁾.

24 – AWNINGS – CEILINGS – FALSE CEILING

Stands with a ceiling, a false ceiling or solid awnings, as well as stands with an additional storey, must have a covered surface area of less than 300 sqm.

The area of stands with ceilings, false ceilings or full canopies must total at least 10% of the area of the level in question.

If the surface area is greater than 50 sqm, adequate fire fighting equipment must be maintained in readiness by at least one safety officer while the stand or the exhibition is open to the public.

241 – Awnings

Awnings are authorized in the following circumstances:

- in establishments protected by an automatic sprinkler system⁽²⁾, awnings must be made of M0, M1 or M2 materials⁽¹⁾.
- in establishments not protected by an automatic sprinkler system, they must be made of M0 or M1 materials.

Moreover, awnings must be equipped with an effective hanging system to prevent their falling down. Moreover, they must be supported by wire mesh whose links are 1 sqm maximum

242 – Ceilings and false-ceilings

Ceilings and false ceilings must be made of M0 or M1 materials. However, 25 % of the total surface of these ceilings or false ceilings may be made of M2 materials. This percentage includes lighting fixtures and their accessories.

Moreover, if the elements making up the ceilings or false ceilings are latticed or openwork, they be made of M2 materials when the solid surface is equal to less than 50 % of the total surface of these ceilings and false ceilings.

Whatever the case, elements for suspending and anchoring ceilings and false ceilings must be made of M0 materials.

When insulation materials are placed in the awnings of ceilings and false ceilings, they must be made of M1 materials.

25 – FIREPROOFING

Proof of the fire-resistance classification of materials used in exhibition halls must be provided in the form of labels, official reports or certificates at the request of the Safety Superintendent.

Coverings and materials which meet all safety requirements are sold in specialised stores, which must supply the certificates corresponding to the classification of a given type of material. To obtain a list of these stores, please write to: GROUPEMENT NON FEU, 37-39 rue de Neuilly, BP 249, 92113 CLICHY (tel. +33 (0)1 47 56 30 81).

Materials which are normally relatively or highly flammable can be fireproofed to meet M2 standards. This can be done:

- by spraying with a special liquid,
- by applying special paint or varnish with a brush,
- by soaking in a special solution. Fireproofing

may be done:

- either by the decorators, who should be able to provide all information concerning the treatment of the material,
- or by an approved fireproofer, who gives the exhibitor a standard certificate bearing the following indications:
 - type, surface area and colour of covering treated,
 - product used,
 - date of the operation,
 - seal and signature of the fireproofer.

The names, addresses and telephone numbers of approved fireproofers may be obtained from: GROUPEMENT - TECHNIQUE FRANÇAIS DE L'IGNIFUGATION, 10 rue du - Débarcadère, 75017 PARIS (tel. +33 (0)1 40 55 13 13).

Note: fireproofing can only be carried out on wood panels or natural fibre fabrics, or fabrics containing a high proportion of natural fibres. Fireproofing or synthetic or plastic materials is not possible.

VERY IMPORTANT: Foreign certificates are not acceptable. Only official reports issued by approved French laboratories are valid (please see list of laboratories appended).

3 – ÉLECTRICITÉ

31 – ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

The electrical installation of each stand must be originally equipped with safety devices to protect against surges and earthing defects.

All metallic earths must be interconnected and linked to the earth of the stand's electrical wiring box.

32 – MATÉRIELS ÉLECTRIQUES

All electrical equipment used must comply with French and European safety standards in force.

321 – Electrical cables

Electrical cables must be insulated for a minimum voltage of 500 volts, which regulation precludes the use of H-03-VHH (scindex) cables.

Use only cables with a separate protective sheath for each conductor, with all conductors nosed in a single protective sheath

322 – Conductors

Use of conductors with a cross section less than 1.5 mm² is prohibited.

323 – Electrical appliances

Class 0⁽¹⁾ electrical appliances must be protected by devices whose nominal differential current is equal to 30 MA maximum.

Class 1⁽¹⁾ electrical appliances must be connected to the protective conductor of their power supply's wiring system.

Class 2⁽¹⁾ electrical appliances bearing the sign are recommended.

324 – Multiple plugs

Only multiple adapters or housings with a fixed base (moulded multiple plug units are authorized.

325 – Lighted high voltage signs

Lighted high voltage located within the public's reach or within the reach of stand personnel must be protected (in particular the electrodes) by a screen made of materials meeting class M3 standards at least. The shut-down control must be marked, and transformers must be placed where they pose no danger to people. It is recommended that they be marked with a "danger: high voltage" sign.

326 – Halogen lamp (standard EN 60-598)

Stand luminaires which incorporate halogen lamps must:

- be placed at least 2.25 m from the floor,
- be placed away from all inflammable materials (at least 0.50 m

⁽¹⁾ As defined by French safety standard C20-030.

- from wood and other decorative materials,
- be solidly attached,
- be fitted with a safety screen (glass or fine tin mesh grid) providing protection against effects due to a possible explosion of the lamp.

4 – CLOSED STANDS – ROOMS WITHIN THE EXHIBITION HALLS

The technical regulations of the exhibition prevail as to the conditions for closing the stand

41 – CLOSED STANDS

Sometimes, exhibitors prefer the isolation of closed stands. Such stands must have exits opening directly into the thoroughfares. The number and width of these exits and governed by the surface area of the stand as follows:

- Less than 20 sqm : 1 exit 0.90 m wide
- 20 sqm-50 sqm : 2 exits, one 0.90 m wide and the other 0.60 m wide
- 50 sqm-100 sqm : - either 2 exits, each 0.90 m wide
- or 2 exits, one 1.40 m wide and the other 0.60 m wide
- 100 sqm-200 sqm : - either 2 exits, one 1.40 m wide and the other 0.90 m wide
- or 3 exits, each 0.90 m wide
- 200 sqm-300 sqm : 2 exits, each 1.40 m wide
- 300 sqm-400 sqm : 2 exits, one 1.80 m wide and the other 1.40 m wide

Exits should be judiciously placed, if possible on opposite walls. Each exit shall be marked with an "EXIT" sign in clear white lettering against a green background. If the stand has closing doors, these doors must open outwardly. Doors must not be equipped with a blocking system, and must not reach the public aisles when in an open position.

42 – ROOMS WITHIN THE EXHIBITION HALLS

In addition to areas reserved for exhibition purposes, conference rooms, restaurants, cinema halls and presentation halls may be fitted out with podiums, tiered galleries, etc.

Galleries designed to hold a standing audience must have a floor with a resistance of 600 kg per sqm. Galleries designed to hold a seated audience must have a floor with a resistance of 400 kg per sqm.

Stairs leading to the galleries must have a minimum height of 0.10 m and a maximum height of 0.20 m, and a tread of at least 0.20 m. In this case, flights of stairs shall be limited to 10, and the alignment of stair nosings shall not exceed 45 °.

As each case is unique, a detailed drawing must be submitted to the Fire Safety Superintendent, who will define the measures to be applied.

43 – SANDS WITH MEZZANINE AREA

For all construction with a mezzanine area, you must:

- Respect the maximum construction's height of 5 m for all structures and signs.
- Not exceed the load-bearing capacities:
 - si $S < 50 \text{sqm}$, load-bearing capacity of 250 kg/sqm,
 - si $S \geq 50 \text{sqm}$, load-bearing capacity of 350 kg/sqm
- Provide balustrades in agreement with the NF P 01-012 et NF P 01-013 regulations.
- Until 20 sqm: 1 staircase 0.90 m wide,
- 21 sqm - 100 sqm: 2 staircases 0.90 m wide or one staircase 1.40 m wide and one 0.60m wide,
- 101 sqm – 200 sqm: 2 staircases, one 1.40 m wide and the other

- 0.90 m wide,
- If there are more than 19 persons on the mezzanine, you are required to provide 2 emergency staircases on opposite sides of the upper level.
- Provide the necessary fire extinguishers on each mezzanine
- Not build any electrical installation (supply or distribution) of more than 100kVA under the mezzanine
- Use latticed or "smoke-type" awning for any covering over the mezzanine
- Submit a cutaway plan of your stand to the Exhibition Organiser 2 months before the opening of the show.
- have the stability of the mezzanine tested and certified by an approved inspection agency on site after completion of the construction.

5 – LIQUIFIED GASES

51 – GENERAL

Bottles of gas, butane or propane are allowed, within the limit of one 13 kg bottle per 10 sqm of stand area, with a maximum of six bottles per stand.

The following precautions must be taken:

- 5 m of space must be left between two bottles, unless they are separated by a rigid, non-combustible screen one centimetre thick.
- No bottle, be it empty or full, may be left in the exhibition hall if it is not connected to a pipe network in operation.
- Bottles without a pressure reducer valve are prohibited, unless they are being used for demonstration purposes.
- Bottles may be connected to the appliance for which they are being used by means of a flexible hose which meets French safety standards. These hoses:
 - must be changed once the recommended period of use has expired,
 - must be suited to the diameter of the connection nozzles and equipped with tightenings rings,
 - may not be more than 2 m long,
 - must be unattainable by the flames of burners or fuels.

52 – GAS SUPPLY TO APPLIANCES

If, in exceptional circumstances, one bottle must supply several burners, than metal (copper or steel) pipes must be used. Soft soldering of connections is prohibited. Bottles must always be placed in an upright position, and the stop cock must remain accessible at all times. If they are stored in a closed space, ventilation ducts at high and low levels must be not obstructed by any wall, piece of furniture or other appliance.

53 – INSTALLATION OF COOKING APPLIANCES

In addition to the preceding regulations, the following measures are to be observed:

- The floor (or table) supporting cooking equipment must be made of non-combustible materials, or covered with M0 material.
- Cooking equipment must be kept at a suitable distance from all combustible materials, and must be installed in such a way that it does not pose a fire hazard.
- If cooking equipment is placed near a dividing wall, then this wall must be treated with M0 covering to a height of one metre facing the equipment.
- Fans should be installed above equipment which produce fumes or steam.
- Electrical meters must be at least one metre away from water outlets.
- Each installation must:
 - display safety instructions (what to do in case of fire, how to call the fire department, etc.),
 - be equipped with one or more fire extinguishers.

54 – HELIUM FILLED BALLONS

In addition to the aforementioned regulations, the following rules must be observed:

- Helium bottles (full or empty) must not be kept inside the hall,
- The balloons cannot be filled when the public is present,
- The balloons must stay within the surface of the stand
- In case of a lighting balloon, the outer membrane must be made out of M2 or C material.

6 – EQUIPMENT IN OPERATION HEAT OR COMBUSTION ENGINES

For each machine displayed in operation in an exhibition hall, the appended registration form must be filled in and sent to the Exhibition Organiser at least one month before the event opens. Only installations which have been registered in this fashion will be authorized.

All equipment must be properly stabilised so as to avoid any risk of overturning. All required protective measures must be taken by the time the Safety Commission makes its inspection. A responsible person must be presented at the stand during this inspection.

No machine may be started up or displayed in operation unless there is a qualified person present at the stand.

All presentations and demonstrations shall be carried out under the sole responsibility of the exhibitor.

Electrical power supply shall be completely cut off, at the expense of the exhibitor concerned, to any stand at which machines in operation pose a hazard for the public and if the exhibitor has not taken the necessary measures to eliminate such hazards.

61 – EQUIPMENT DISPLAYED IN OPERATION - STATIONARY

When equipment in operation is displayed in a stationary position, it must:

- either be equipped with suitable stationary screens or housings, making all dangerous parts inaccessible at the public.
- or be set up in such a way that the dangerous parts are not accessible to the public and in any case at a distance of one metre from the aisles.

62 – EQUIPMENT DISPLAYED IN OPERATION - MOVING

When moving equipment is displayed in operation, a protected area must be blocked off so that the public may not come closer than one metre from the equipment. This distance may be increased, depending upon the characteristics of the equipment concerned.

These precautions are applicable to all stands, including outdoor stands.

63 – EQUIPMENT FEATURING HYDRAULIC JACKS

If equipment featuring hydraulic jacks is displayed in a high static position, the hydraulic safety devices must be completed by a mechanical device to prevent the untimely change of position

64 – HEAT OR COMBUSTION ENGINES

Exhibitors intending to use heat or combustion engines must submit an application to the exhibitor organiser at last 30 days before the event opens.

All information concerning fire safety may be obtained from: ENTREPRISE HANDI'SECUR. This application is to be made on ordinary stationery (accompanied by the registration form for equipments display and operation,

appended hereto). The letter of application should specify the type of fuel used and the quantities used each day of operation. You must also enclose:

- a technical data sheet for the equipment
- a drawing showing the equipment's location at the stand

No such equipment may be operated if the application for authorisation is not submitted in time.

ATTENTION: exhaust must always be evacuated outside the exhibition halls.

7 – FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

71 – GENERAL

Use of flammable liquids shall be limited to the following quantities for each stand:

- 10 litres of 2nd category flammable liquids per 10 sqm of stand, with a maximum of 80 litres,
- 5 litres of 1st category flammable liquids.

The use of highly flammable liquids (carbon disulphide, diethyl oxide, etc.) is prohibited.

The following precautions must be observed:

- Place on impermeable receptacle which is able to hold all the fuel underneath the tank or the drum.
- Do not refill machines when members of the public are present.

Keep suitable fire extinguishers nearby

72 – DISPLAY OF AUTOMOBILES IN EXHIBITION HALLS

Fuel tanks of cars displayed in a non-running state must be emptied or equipped with a locking cap. Terminals of accumulator batteries must be protected in such a way as to make them inaccessible

73 – DISPLAY OF FLAMMABLE SUBSTANCES

All containers of flammable liquids displayed at stands (cans of paint, varnish, bottles, aerosol cans, etc.) must be empty, with the exception of a limited number of sample containers used for demonstrations.

74 – COMPRESSED GASES

Bottles of compressed air, nitrogen and carbon dioxide are authorised without restriction.

Exhibitors intending to use acetylene, oxygen or any gas involving the same risks must submit an application for approval to the administration authority (prefecture) 30 days before the event opens. Do not hesitate to contact the safety adviser (ENTREPRISE HANDI'SECUR) for all demand.

This application is to be made on ordinary stationery (accompanied by the registration form for equipment displayed in operation, see www.pollutec.com).

The letter of application should specify the type of gas to be used and the capacity

of each bottle. You must also enclose:

- a technical data sheet for the equipment concerned,
- a drawing showing the equipment's location at the stand.

No such equipment may be operated if the application for authorisation is not submitted in time.

ATTENTION: Bottles, whether empty or full, may be stored inside the exhibition halls.

75 – FIREWORKS AND PYROTECHNIC DEVICES

Firework producing noise, sparks or flames are strictly forbidden. Exhibitors intending to use a smoke generator to create fog or light effects must submit an application for approval to the exhibition organiser at least 30 days before the event opens.

This application is to be made on ordinary stationery (accompanied by the registration form for equipment displayed in operation, appended hereto). The letter of application should specify the type of gas to be used and the quantity of gas used each day. You must also enclose:

- a technical data sheet for the equipment concerned,
- a drawing showing the equipment's location at the stand.

No such equipment may be operated if the application for authorisation is not submitted in.

8 – RADIOACTIVES SUBSTANCES – RAYONS X

81 – RADIOACTIVE SUBSTANCES

The presence of radioactive substances at stands may only be authorized for equipment demonstrations and for substances whose radioactivity is below:

- 37 kilobecquerels (1 microcurie) for substances made up of or containing group 1 radioelements⁽¹⁾ ;
- 370 kilobecquerels (10 microcuries) for substances made up of or containing group 2 radioelements⁽¹⁾ ;
- 3,700 kilobecquerels (100 microcuries) for substances made up of or containing group 3 radioelements⁽¹⁾.

Derogation may be granted for the use of substances whose radioactivity is higher than the values set forth above, provided that the following measures are taken:

- Radioactive substances must be effectively protected.
- Their presence must be marked by ionising radiation drawings as defined by French safety standard M 60-101. The nature of the substances as well as its degree of radio-activity must also be posted.
- Radioactive substances must be constantly supervised by one or several specifically appointed members of the exhibitor's staff.
- When supervision stops, even in the absence of members of the public, radioactive substances must be stored in a fireproof container very prominently bearing the standard drawing of ionising rays.
- Maximum dose rate at any point in the stand must remain below 7.5 micro-sieverts/ hour (or 0.75 millirads/hour).

Exhibitors intending to use radioactive substances must submit an application for authorisation (or for derogation) to the to the administration authority (prefecture) 30 days before the event opens. Do not hesitate to contact the safety adviser (ENTREPRISE HANDI'SECUR) for all demand.

This application is to be made on ordinary stationery (accompanied by the registration form for equipment displayed in operation, appended hereto). The letter of application should specify:

- the type of substance or substances and radioactivity group,
- the name(s) and title(s) of the person or persons who will be responsible for supervising these substances.
- a document drawn up and signed by the installer, certifying the equipment's compliance with the present regulation.

No such equipment may be operated if the application for authorisation is not submitted in time.

ATTENTION: Stands at which radioactive substances are displayed must be built and decorated with M1 materials.

82 – X RAY - EQUIPMENT

Authorisation to display equipment emitting X-rays may be granted only if the equipment and accessories comply with the regulations of French safety standard C 74-100.

In particular, the following precautions must be taken:

- Superfluous objects must be kept away from area of the X-ray generator and of the sample to be examined.
- The area must be inaccessible to the public and marked as such.
- The flow of escaping rays may not exceed 0.258 microcoulomb/kg/ hr (1 millirontgen per hour) at a distance of 0.10 m from the radiogenic source. Exhibitors intending to use X-rays emitting equipment must submit an application for authorisation to the administration authority (prefecture) 30 days before the event opens. Do not hesitate to contact the safety adviser (ENTREPRISE HANDI'SECUR) for all demand.

This application is to be made on ordinary stationery (accompanied by the registration form for equipment displayed in operation, appended hereto). The letter of application must also be accompanied by:

- a technical data sheet for the equipment concerned,
- a drawing showing the equipment's location at the stand.
- a document drawn up and signed by the installer, certifying the equipment's compliance with the present regulation.

No such equipment may be operated if the application for authorisation is not submitted in time.

9 – LASERS

The use of lasers in the exhibition halls is authorised, provided that the following regulations are complied with:

- the public may under no circumstances come into contact with the direct or reflected beam of the laser.
- The device and its related equipment must be solidly fastened to stable elements.
- The environment of the device and of the space through which the beam is projected must not contain any reflective elements at the wavelengths in question.
- The housing containing the laser and its optic deviation device (if present) must be made of class 1 or 2 materials (2).
- For tests performed, when no visitors are present, exhibitors should make sure that the heat energy resulting from the light of the laser beams does not bring about any reaction as regard the installation and decoration material on the stand,
- Any direct or reflected beam can't be authorized in the security area determined by the volume situated under a horizontal plane 2.60 m from the floor or from the most elevated point accessible to the public and delimited by a forbidden band 1.50 m wide,
- An immediate blockage device of the laser must be installed near the Electric Board,
- Covers must be installed around the optic derivation devices in order to forbid all beam out of the authorised scanning zone.

- Exhibitors must perform tests, at a time when the public is absent, to ensure that no fittings, decorative elements or fire protection equipment react to the calorific energy emitted by the light beams.

Exhibitors intending to use a laser installation must state this intention to the administration authority (prefecture) 30 days before the event opens. Do not hesitate to contact the safety adviser (ENTREPRISE HANDI'SECUR) for all demand.

This statement should be made on ordinary stationery (accompanied by the registration form for equipment displayed in operation, appended hereto). The following documents should also be enclosed:

- a technical data sheet for the equipment concerned,
- a drawing showing the equipment's location at the stand.
- a document drawn up and signed by the installer, certifying the equipment's compliance with the present regulation.

No such equipment may be operated if the application for authorisation is not submitted in time.

⁽¹⁾ Classification of radioelements, in accordance with their relative toxicity, shall be that defined by Edict n° 66.450 of 20 June 1966 setting forth the general principles of protection against ionising radiation.

⁽²⁾ See French standard C 20-030. Low voltage electrical equipment - Protection against electric shocks:safety regulations.

10 – EMERGENCY EQUIPMENT

Emergency equipment must always be kept prominently in view.

Access to the various items of emergency equipments (fire hydrants, permanent fire hose points, telephones, extinguishers, controls for smoke evacuation ducts, etc.) must always be kept clear.

PERMANENT FIRE HOSE POINTS

Stands equipped with a permanent fire hose point must feature a one metre passage front of this point up to the aisle, which must always be kept clear of all objects. Covering this equipment with panels or fabric is strictly forbidden.

11 – CONSIGNES D'EXPLOITATION

Exhibitors may not leave boxes, wood, straw, cardboard, etc. anywhere in the hall, either in the stands or in empty spaces.

Premises are to be cleaned regularly (daily) to rid them of dirt and debris.

All debris and rubbish collected during cleaning and sweeping must be removed each day before the exhibition opens to the public and taken out of the establishment.